

India Water Resources Management Program
Hydrology Project Phase 3



Ministry of Water Resources, River Development & Ganga Rejuvenation
Government of India

PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

Irrigation & Waterways Department
Government of West Bengal

SUMMARY SHEET

1. **Implementing Agency:** Irrigation & Waterways Department, West Bengal

2. **Nodal Officer:** Engineer-in-Chief & Ex-Officio Secretary, Water Investigation & Development Department, Govt. of West Bengal

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4. **Project Summary:**

Being the lowermost riparian state of Ganga Basin and situated at the foothills of several Himalayan rivers of Brahamaputra Basin, the problem of flood management and drainage in the State of West Bengal is quite acute. Other than flood, various allied problems like bank erosion, drainage congestion and cyclonic disaster accentuate the flood situation. Coastal areas along with Sundarban deltic region often experience high tidal surge resulting severe erosion and inundation to the country sides. Significant variation in the average annual rainfall, geo-physical characteristics and soil properties have also made this State a draught prone one. Another aspect is that West Bengal is one of the most densely populated States in India and as such identification of surface water resources and their proper utilization as well as management are very important for the State.

Therefore monitoring, modelling and forecasting of flood processes along with studies on flood hazards, studies on siltation and sedimentation of different rivers /reservoirs for the preparation of Comprehensive Disaster Management Plans, setting up of real time hydro-meteorological data base systems and assessment of surface water resources for the preparation of Comprehensive Water Resource Management Plans as well as up-gradation of River Research Institute to a pioneer institute of Hydrology in the eastern zone of our country are the need of the hour which can be addressed through the implementation of Hydrological Project-III in the State.

5. **Financial Outlay:**

Project Component	(in Crore INR)		
	World Bank	Government	Total
A. Improving Hydrological Information System (HIS)	Rs. 84.69 Crore	Rs. 36.30 Crore	Rs. 120.99 Crore
B. Improving Water Resources Information Systems	0	0	0
C. Water Resources Management Applications	Rs. 1.51 Crore	Rs. 0.65 Crore	Rs. 2.16 Crore
D. Strengthening Institutions and Capacity Building	Rs. 32.25Crore	Rs. 13.82 Crore	Rs. 46.07 Crore
TOTAL	Rs. 118.45 Crore	Rs. 50.76 Crore	Rs. 169.22 Crore

PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION PLAN DESCRIPTION

1. Introduction

Table 1: Basic features of State

Sl. No.	Description	Remarks
1.	Geographical Area	88, 752 sq. km
2.	Population	9.13 crore (2011 census)
3.	Major Rivers	Ganges, Hooghly, Damodar, Rupnarayan, Mahananda and Teesta
4.	River Basins	Ganga-Bhagirathi, Brahamaputra, Subarnarekha
5.	Surface Water	132.90 lakh ha-m
6.	Ground Water	14.60lakh ha-m
7.	Number of Major Reservoirs	Three (Kangsabati, Mayurakshi&Hinglow)
8.	Number of Major Barrages	Three (Durgapur, Tilpara&Teesta)
9.	Existing Storage of Reservoirs	1,530 mcum (live storage)
10.	Actual Irrigated Area	11.97 lakh ha (2013-14)
11.	Flood Affected Area	37, 660 sq. km
12.	Area already protected	22, 005 sq. km
13.	River Basin Organization	River Research Institute

2. Background description of State Water Sector

- *General description of water sector (SW)*

Irrigation Sector:

Irrigation & Waterways Department is basically an engineering department involving gross economic affairs of the State specially in irrigation sector. It has indirect impact of all sections of the society by way of irrigating land for producing agricultural products for the masses.

There are 7 nos. major irrigation projects and several medium irrigation schemes being managed by this Department. The Barrage & Irrigation System of the Damodar Valley Project, Mayurakshi Reservoir Project, Kangsabati Reservoir Project, Hinglow Reservoir Project and the Midnapore Canals are taken and completed before Tenth Five year Plan (2002-2007). Teesta Barrage Project and Subarnarekha Barrage Project are the two major on-going schemes. In addition to the above irrigation schemes, two schemes namely Darakeswar-Gandheswari Reservoir Project and Siddheswari-NoonBeel Reservoir Project have been contemplated to be taken up in XI-th Five Year Plan.

Out of total 30 nos. medium irrigation schemes, 25 nos. in the district of Purulia and 5 nos. in the districts of Bankura, Darjeeling and Bardhaman are being maintained by this department. Another 7 nos. medium irrigation schemes in the district of Purulia are under in implementation stage.

In addition to many small watershed Management Projects, the state is enriched by the back water drainage channel irrigation system (tidal irrigation) which are also maintained by the department.

Till 2013-14, total irrigation potential created in the State through these above mentioned schemes is around 16.50 lakh ha.

Flood Sector:

This department is also entrusted with the flood protection works and other activities like Anti-Erosion and Anti-water logging measures through which society at large, is benefited from the decrease of losses due to flood and other natural calamities.

Most of the rivers of the States are either Inter-State or International in character. The flood problems of the state are of different nature at different regions. In North Bengal, the rivers **Teesta, Torsa, Jaldhaka, Raidak-I, Raidak-II** etc. flowing through the districts of Jalpaiguri and Cooch Behar originate in the neighbouring country of Bhutan and the state of Sikkim and flow down to Bangladesh, another neighbouring country to meet the Bramhaputra at different locations.

The rivers of the districts of Uttar Dinajpur and Dakshin Dinajpur viz. **Tangon, Atreyee** and **Punarbhaba** originating at Bangladesh passes through these districts and then joins the Ganga-Padma at downstream of Farakka in Bangladesh. Both the places of origin and also the outfall of most of these rivers are in Bangladesh.

The district of Malda through which the river **Ganga** flows receives its flood water from about 11 States and is battered by the run-off flow generated from these vast areas. Ultimately the river flows down the Farakka Barrage to Bangladesh. Another portion of the Malda district receives floodwaters of the **Mahananda**, which again originates in the hills of the neighbouring country of Nepal and has some catchment area in the neighbouring state of Bihar and then passes through the district to join the **Ganga-Padma** at downstream of Farakka Barrage in Bangladesh.

Major contributing factors to flood in North Bengal regions are the run-off because of heavy local rainfall, discharge of upper basin areas and also outfall condition in the neighbouring countries. The Mahananda and most of the rivers of Uttar and Dakshin Dinajpur districts get stagnated when the Ganga upstream and downstream of Farakka Barrage rules high thereby not allowing drainage of flood discharge during that period.

In South Bengal, there are certain distinctive features of drainage condition which give rise to flood situation. The flood in this zone becomes voluminous because of the shape of the catchment area, its steep slope starting from a high level plateau area and sloping sharply down to a flat terrain near the outfall of limited capacity. This feature is again adversely affected by tidal condition as is generally noticed in the month of September, the likely month of occurrence of flood.

Basin-wise there are quite a number of river systems on the west bank of the river **Bhagirathi-Hooghly**, like **Pagla-Bansloi, Dwarka-Bramhani, Mayurakshi-Babla-Uttarasan, Bakreswar-Kuye** and **Ajoy**. These rivers between them drain an area of 17,684 sq. km, spread over the state of Jharkhand (the old Bihar Plateau) and the districts of Birbhum, part of Murshidabad (west of Bhagirathi) and Burdwan to outfall into river Bhagirathi. Carrying capacity of the river Bhagirathi is only 25% of the combined peak flood discharges generated from these basins because of simultaneous heavy rainfall, as it occurred during the flood of September 2000. In this vast tract of land there is one major reservoir i.e. Massanjore Dam over river Mayurakshi which interferes the flood discharge of only 11% of aforesaid combined catchments.

On the left bank of the Bhagirathi river system the **Bhairab-Jalangi-Sealmarigroup of Rivers** originate from Ganga-Padma at Akherigunj in Murshidabad district and meet the Bhagirathi at Swarupgunj in Nadia District. This system of rivers between them drains a total area of 4,300 sq. km of Murshidabad and Nadia districts. Generally this area suffers from flood because of three reasons – (i) high intensity rainfall in the basin area itself, (ii) inflow of flood water from Ganga-Padma at its high spate and (iii) drainage congestion at its outfall because of highstage of river **Bhagirathi**.

In the **Damodar-Barakar Basin System**, the rivers originate at Choto-Nagpur plateau and flows down the planes of West Bengal to meet the Bhagirathi. The catchment area upto Durgapur Barrage is 18,026 sq. km as against total catchment of 22,015 sq. km. In this catchment area there are only 4 (four) reservoirs having a storage capacity of 1.21 lakh ha-m. The original concept of flood storage was to have an area reserved for storing a volume of 3.58 lakh ha-m. Thus with this limited flood storage capacity the storage dams at present can modify only the peak flood discharge. Any discharge above 70,000 cusecs downstream of Durgapur Barrage may cause flood depending on the outfall condition of the Mundeswari at Harinkhola.

The **Shilabati-Dwarakeswar** and **Kangsabati-Kaliaghairiver Systems** which have combined catchment areas of 16,761 sq. km spread out in the districts of Purulia, Bankura, Paschimand Purba Medinipur outfall into river Rupnarayan and Haldi respectively which finally meet river Hooghly. The Kangsabati-Kumari dam at Mukutmanipur, Bankura intercepts flood discharge of only 22% of the aforesaid combined catchment area. The dam has a limited flood storage capacity of 29,170 ha-m. In this basin spillway discharge from Kangsabati dam above 50,000 cusecs may cause flood at lower reaches downstream of Midnapore Town (anicut at Mohanpur) depending on tidal condition of the outfall and downstream rainfall.

The Mathabhanga-Churni-Ichamati System of Rivers originate at the Mathabhanga off-taking from Ganga-Padma downstream of Farakka Barrage in Bangladesh and on reaching West Bengal at Majhdia, in Nadia district, bifurcates in two branches – (i) the Churni flowing on South-Westerly direction meeting the Bhagirathi at Ranaghat and (ii) the other branch viz. the Ichamati flowing on South-Easterly direction to meet Bay of Bengal through the creek of Raimangal. The main flood situation in this area arises because of inflow from Ganga-Padma (when it rules high), rainfall in the own catchment area and also tide lockage. In flood 2000 a very unusual situation arose where the Bhagirathi transferred a large volume of its floodwater to this basin area by breaching its embankments at several places.

- ***Water resources issues in the state:***

Surface water resources issues in the State are given below:

- i. Necessity for development of proper flood forecasting system and inundation area mapping for the major river basins like
 - a) Damodar, Ajay, Mayurakshi, Dwarka-Brahamani, Pagla-Bansloi, Subarnarekha, Teesta and Mahananda-Fulharhaving Inter-State boundaries.
 - b) Ichamati, Jaldhaka, Torsa, Raidak, Atreyee and Punarbhaba having International boundaries.

- c) Kangsabati Reservoir Project, Kaliaghai-Kapaleswai-Baghai and Shilabati-Dwarakeswar basins.
- d) Coastal area including Sundarban.
- ii. Necessity for proper assessment of surface water resources at micro-catchment level.
- iii. Necessity for regular monitoring of water quality and sub-soil data as a part of hydro-morphological study of river systems for development and analysis of mathematical models.
- iv. Necessity for development of integrated data base system, capacity building and Institutional strengthening for future Projects.

Table 2: *Basic features of river basins in the state*

Sl.No.	River Basins& Sub-Basins	Catchment Area(sq.km)	
		Total	Within West Bengal
1	2	3	4
A.	Brahamaputra Basin	37,298	11,860
a.	Sankosh	10,166	172
b.	Raidak	5,313	807
c.	Torsa	6,435	3,419
d.	Jaldhaka	5,489	3,746
e.	Teesta	9,895	3,716
B.	Ganga-Padma Basin	28,141	11,280
a.	Mahananda-Fulhar	19,889	9,640
b.	Punarbhaba	3,960	730
c.	Atreyee	4,292	910
C.	Bhagirathi-Hooghly Basin	93,916	63,452
a.	Pagla-Bansloi	2,094	730
b.	Dwaraka-Bhrahmani	4,093	2,500
c.	Bhagirathi-Hooghly	1,170	1,170
d.	Jalangi	5,344	5,344
e.	Mayurakshi-Babla	5,958	2,720
f.	Ajoy	6,095	2,490
g.	Khari-Gangur-Ghea	4,460	4,460
h.	Churni	2,030	800
i.	Damodar	22,362	5,250
j.	Darkeswar	4,430	4,430
k.	24-Parganas(South & North) and Kolkata Port Drainage Basin	4,619	4,619
l.	Kangsabati	8,369	8,369
m.	Shilabati	3,952	3,952
n.	Rupnarayan	2,548	2,548
o.	Kaliaghai	2,142	2,142

p.	Haldi	980	980
q.	Pichabani	820	820
r.	Rasulpur	1,130	1,130
s.	Tidal zone (Sundarban Area)	8,998	8,998
D.	Subarnarekha Basin	18,951	2,160
	GROSS TOTAL	1,78,306	88,752

- *Organizational set-up (include an organization scheme)*

– Please provide details including existing setup who does hydrological (weather, river, reservoirs and canal) monitoring; planning and design department/division; Training and research centres with state for water: Reference Table 3.

Table 3: Existing departments associated with Water Resources Planning and Design

Sl. No.	Task	Department responsible	Number of personnel assigned
1	Planning and Design department	i) Director of Designs, Central Design Office ii) Superintending Engineer, Investigation & Planning Circle-I iii) Superintending Engineer, Investigation & Planning Circle-II iv) Superintending Engineer, Teesta Design Circle	A technical set up consisting of Superintending Engineers, Executive Engineers, Assistant Engineers, Sub-Assistant Engineers, Draughtsman, Tracers, Surveyors & Gauge Readers.
2	Hydrological monitoring	Respective Circles & Divisions	
3	Canal and reservoir monitoring	i) Respective Circles & Divisions ii) Dam Safety Organisation	
4	Training	DVC Study Cell	
5	Research center	River Research Institute	A technical set up consisting of Director, Deputy Directors, Research Officers, Assistant Research Officers, Surveyor, Senior Observer, Gauge Readers, Lab. Assistants, Silt Analysts, & Model boys.

Existing organogram who will implement the proposed activities in the project: **ANNEXURE-I**

Proposed organogram for project: **ANNEXURE-II**

3. **Baseline of present water resources monitoring system (description of existing WRIS) and water resources planning in the state (SW)**

-Give details of monitoring stations maintained by State, other department and central monitoring stations and how they are monitored, manual/automated:

The details of water resources monitoring stations maintained by different agencies are furnished in Table 2 below. All the river and rain gauges, discharge stations maintained by Irrigation & Waterways Department are manually operated. Other State agencies like Agriculture department, Minor Irrigation department and Central agencies like Central Water Commission (CWC), Indian Meteorological Department (IMD) have also installed manual/automatic rain gauge stations within the State. Only during flood season, some of these data from other State and Central agencies are collected and monitored by Irrigation & Waterways Department.

Table 2: Existing Water Resources Monitoring System in the state

Sl. No.	Type	I&WD			CWC			IMD			Others		
		P	S	T	P	S	T	P	S	T	P	S	T
1.	Rain Gauge	75	51	126	23	0	23	21	0	21	3	0	3
2.	River Gauge	75		75	10		10			0	1		1
3.	HOS	10	3	13	NA			0	0	0	N/A		

* P = Perennial S = Seasonal T = Total HOS = Hydrological Observation Station

How is current transmission and data sharing program and database management is:

The present flood monitoring and management system in the State comprises with the preparation of Daily Flood Report by Central Flood Control Room of I&W Department and transmission of the same to the State Disaster Management Department with the Head Quarter at Kolkata. During emergency, separate Flood Bulletin is issued and the same is disseminated also to the District Disaster Management Cells via email, Fax or SMS. This Daily Flood Report consists with the compilation of last 24-hours cumulative rainfall, water level in different rivers and reservoir level / inflow /outflow data of dams / barrages at 8.00 hrs. These data are collected from different field offices under I&W Department along with other agencies like IMD, CWC and DVC. In this system only 24 hours inflow forecast is issued with respect to Damodar, Mayurakshi and Kangsabati Basins and such prediction needs much improvement in terms of both quantity, quality and extent so that time lag between the forecast and actual should be maximum.

Daily flood report is also uploaded in the departmental web site www.wbiwd.gov.in.

4. **Major water sector issues to be addressed under HP-3 (SW)**

The major water resources issues that the Irrigation & Waterways Department wishes to address in HP-3 include:

- I. Automation of dams and barrages including dissemination of hydrological data through SMS, web-Portal and e-mail.

- II. Up gradation of River Research Institute as a centre of excellence for flood, drainage, hydrology related study for the eastern and north-eastern zones of the country.
- III. Setting up of new Data Centres and up gradation of existing water quality testing laboratories for monitoring and study on surface water quality, siltation and sedimentation.
- IV. Dam break analysis and embankment health study.

5. Overview of Proposed Project Activities

A. Improving Water Resources Monitoring Systems (WRMS)

For collection of quantitative and qualitative real time data like rainfall and discharge, following provisions have been made under HP-III:

- i) Presently there are 88 nos. of ORGs (out of 126 nos.) under the jurisdiction of I&WD which are functional. For the development of suitable Flood Forecasting Model with high degree of precision as well as for preparation of Water Resource Management Plans, up gradation of existing ORGs into SRGs as well as installation of new SRGs / AWS (Telemetry+ GSM) at pertinent locations in the upper catchments of Reservoirs have been proposed under HP-III. A preliminary list of locations of 160 nos. of rain gauge sites in both South Bengal and North has been prepared and given in **ANNEXURE-III**. Identification of another 45 nos. of rain gauge sites would be carried out later with the progress of the Project. Those sites where IMD/CWC or Agriculture Department have already installed rain gauge stations would be excluded and replaced with new sites subject to field verification.
- ii) Daily water level data of 75 nos. of river gauge stations and water level alongwith discharge data from 5 nos. of river gauge stations under the Jurisdiction of I&WD are presently recorded and monitored during flood season. Installation of Gauge plates / Staff gauges at 40 nos. of existing gauge stations have been proposed under HP-III where the discharge would be measured with the help of ADCPs. Other Stations will be converted to Gauge-Discharge sites where provisions of both automatic and manual systems would be followed. Provision of another 85 nos. of automatic river gauge and discharge measuring stations has been proposed under HP-III for the purpose of assessment of surface water resource potential for future development of irrigation facility, supply of drinking water and industrial allocations. Therefore provisions of total 150 nos. of AWLRs (Radar + V-SAT) as well as 10 nos. current meters have been made in the estimate. A preliminary list of 132 nos. of such stations has been given in **ANNEXURE-IV**.
- iii) In order to establish an Integrated Real Time Flood Management System, provision for remote operation of gates alongwith automatic recording and dissemination of hydraulic data for Kangsabati Reservoir, Mayurakshi Reservoir, Durgapur Barrage, Tilpara Barrage etc. has been made under HP-III. For this purpose, a provision of 180 nos. of Gate Censor-Radar with V-SAT/GSM technology has been made in the estimate.
- iv) After collecting rainfall and discharge data through installation of rain and river gauges, it is also necessary to conduct ground survey in order to get hold river cross-sections data along with ground contours for the purpose of developing flood forecasting model as well as inundation area mapping. In these context adequate provisions for procurement of surveying instruments like GPS, DGPS and Total Station have been made in the estimate.

- v) Presently there are 3 nos. major and 36 nos. medium irrigation projects under the jurisdiction of I&WD. The total length of drainage channels in this State is 7000 kms and that of coastal belt is 280 km. Therefore regular monitoring of water quality as well as sedimentation/siltation survey of storage reservoirs, bathymetry survey of drainage channels have become a matter of great concern for the State. In HP-III, the provisions have been made for collection of those data through procurement of suitable instruments like Bathymetric DGPS, AWQS telemetry, Ph Meter, Field Kits etc.
- vi) At present I&WD are entrusted for regular maintenance of more than 10000 kms. of flood protective embankments and sea dykes throughout the State most of which are earthen. The stability analysis of these embankments specially at the vulnerable locations have become inevitable nowadays in order to examine their sustainability against high flood discharge and high tidal wave dashes. For this purpose suitable provisions have been made in the estimate for the exploration and collection of sub-soil data. The same would also be made applicable for the stability analysis of various hydraulic structures under the jurisdiction of I&WD.
- vii) For collection and dissemination of any site specific instantaneous or regular data, the field staffs would be provided smart phones or mobiles for which procurement of 270 nos. of mobile has been provided in the estimate.

B. Baseline Water Resources Information Systems: None

C. Water Resources Management Applications

Purpose driven study for **Dam Break Analysis:** West Bengal has four major dams and thirty two medium dams. Two numbers of major dams are coming up in future. WRMA will not be fruitful if the risk in breaking of a dam particularly major dam is not known. So it is important to know the damage which may cause due to failure of dam and prepare comprehensive disaster management plan.

Purpose driven study for **Geo Technical Analysis:** Total embankment length in West Bengal is about ten thousand kilometre and most of which are earthen embankment. A breach in the jacketed portion in the river would cause a considerable damage. Therefore using geo technical analysis the health of embankments specially at vulnerable reaches would be assessed for taking necessary steps for their proper strengthening.

D. Strengthening Institutions and Capacity Building

The institutional performance of the Irrigation & Waterways Department needs to be strengthened for data collection, validation, storage and dissemination. Appropriate skills have to be acquired by the staff to operate computers and laboratory equipment provided and to maintain the improved hydro-Meteorological, hydrometric and surface water monitoring networks. Under this category following provisions have made in the estimate.

- Setting up of 8 nos. Data Centers including the infra-structural development of existing water quality monitoring stations for collection, validation, storage and dissemination of all types of data (the proposed locations of Data Centers have been annexed in **ANNEXURE-V**).
- Each Data Center would be provided with Computers, Internet, Software (ArcGIS, MIKE, ERDAS- Imagine, GEO-SLOPE, GEO-STUDIO etc.), video conferencing unit and other essential equipments as well as inspection vehicle.

- These Data Centers would serve as temporary site office where all types of survey instruments will be stored.
- Each Center will be provided with separate office rooms, one Seminar room for the purpose of meeting and training and a guest room.
- Provisions have been made in this Project for domestic training, training and site visits to the other States alongwith International study tours.
- Provision of Technical and Legal Consultant, Equipment Expert (MAT/SWE) and Network Design Expert (MAT/SWE) has been made in the Project as Lump-Sum basis.
- Provision of yearly O&M Cost and other appurtenance cost have been considered in the estimate.
- Provision for web page design including maintenance with servers has been made for each Data Center.
- Last but not the least, a separate provision for up-gradation of River Research Institute (RRI) has been made in this Project. At present RRI needs financial support for its up-gradation and modernization in order to restore its past glory. Institutional support and legal status of Eastern Zonal Centre of Excellence for flood, drainage and river related study can pave the way to establish it as a premier institute to cater the need of water resource related development in this part of the Country.

6. Project Outcome

The major outcomes of the proposed project are:

- i. Development of effective disaster management plan and river basin management plan for the State.
- ii. Increase in the irrigation command area of the State.
- iii. Inception of future projects like interlinking of rivers, inter basin transfer of water etc.
- iv. Effective and timely redressal of inter-state / international conflicts related with water resources.
- v. Integration of the Water Resource Data of the State with those of the other States.

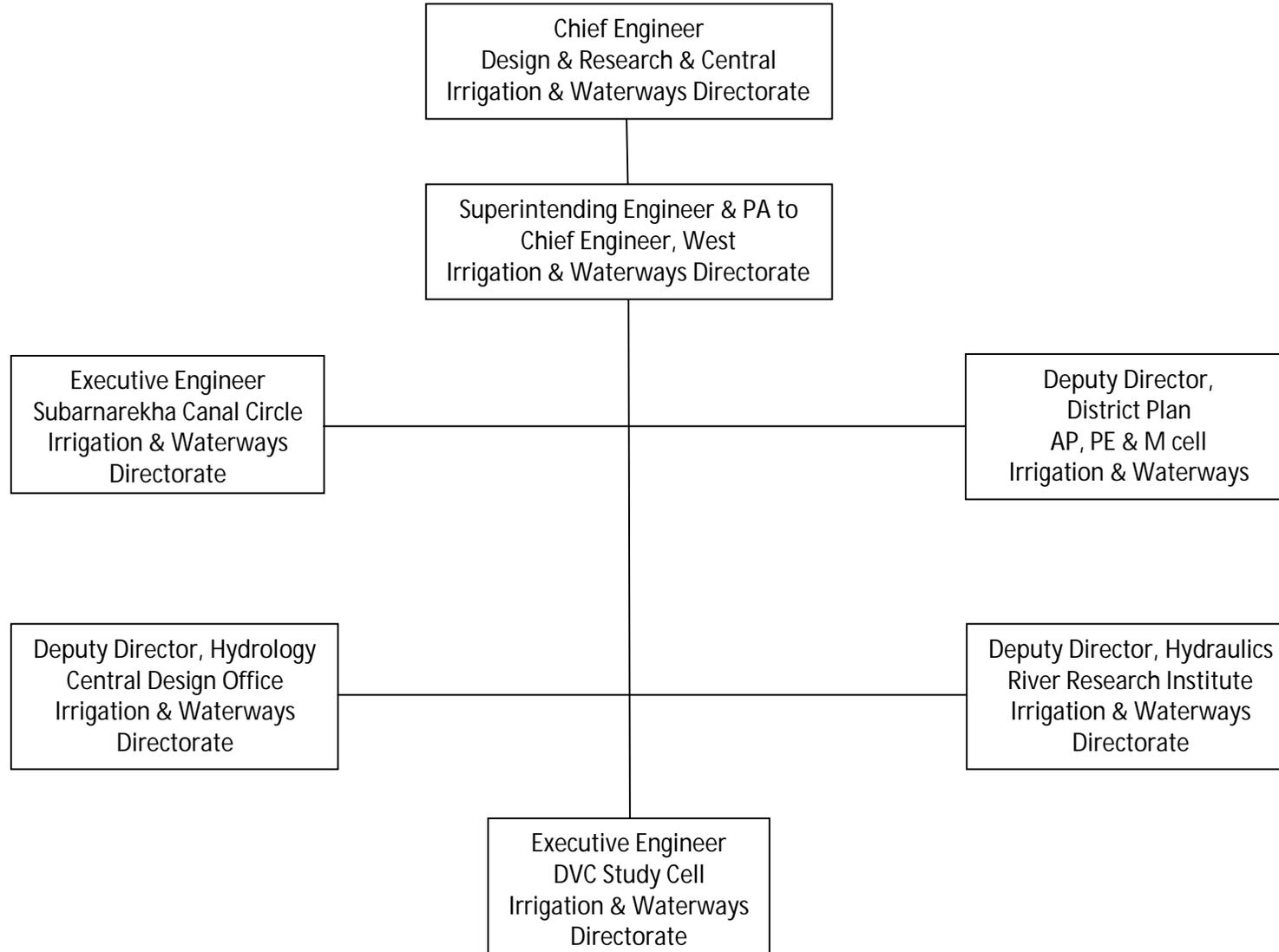
7. Institutional Arrangement for HP-3 Implementation

i) For HP-III, primarily a Team of Experts (ToE) has been set up for I&W Department vide Memorandum No. 304-IFC/ IW/O/IFC-4M-52/2014 dated 04/12/2014 of the Dy. Secretary to the Government of West Bengal (**ANNEXURE-VI**). This ToE would work for preparation; finalization of PIP till the approval of the Project is obtained from MoWR.

ii) For final implementation a separate Organizational Set Up would be formed as given in **ANNEXURE-II**.

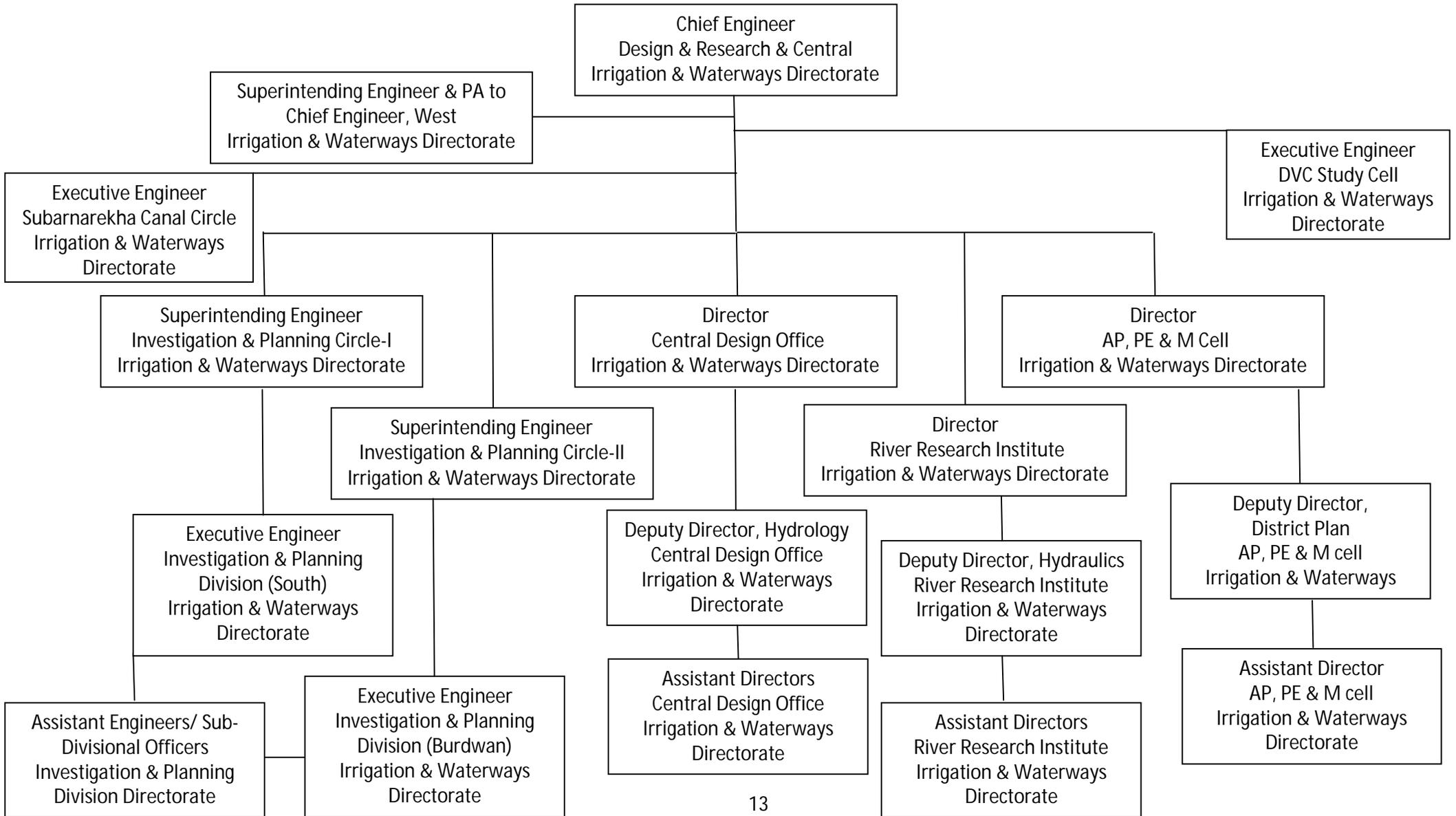
8. Financial Outlay: ANNEXURE-VII.

ANNEXURE -I
PROPOSED INITIAL ORGANOGAM (ToE) FOR HYDROLOGICAL PROJECT-III UNDER IRRIGATION & WATERWAYS DEPARTMENT, WEST BENGAL



ANNEXURE –II

PROPOSED ORGANOGRAM FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF HYDROLOGICAL PROJECT-III UNDER IRRIGATION & WATERWAYS DEPARTMENT, WEST BENGAL



ANNEXURE -III

**EXISTING AND PROPOSED LOCATIONS OF RAIN GAUGE STATIONS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF
HYDROLOGICAL PROJECT-III UNDER IRRIGATION & WATERWAYS DEPARTMENT, WEST BENGAL**

Sl. No.	RG Station Site	District	Circle	Sl. No.	RG Station Site	District	Circle	
1	Basirhat	North 24 Parganas	Eastern Circle	58	Mukutmanipur	Bankura	Kangsabati Canal Circle	
2	Barasat			59	Tarapheni			
3	Tentulia			60	Bhairabbanki			
4	Kakdwip	South 24 Parganas		61	Taldangra		Damodar Irrigation Circle	
5	Kachuberia			62	Sonamukhi			
6	Diamondharbour			63	Indas			
7	Kulti			64	Pakhana			
8	Chitpur			65	Patrasayar			
9	Indrapur			66	Katabandh			
10	Dakshin Surendraganj			67	Uchalan			
11	Canning			68	Lohai			
12	Raidighi			69	Bowaichandi			
13	Uttarbhadra			Mechanical & Electrical Circle	70			Kantabundh
14	Chowbaga				71			Salbundh
15	Armta	Howrah	Western Circle - I	72	Bhorakhal/Pandua	Burdwan	Damodar Irrigation Circle	
16	Domjur			73	Edilpur			
17	Nazirganj			74	Sanko			
18	Seijberia			75	Burdwan			
19	Champadanga	Hooghly	Damodar Irrigation Circle	76	Galsi			
20	Harinkhola			77	Banpas			
21	Singur			78	Belari			
22	Dhaniakhali			79	Balgona			
23	Pandua			80	Katwa			
24	Dasghara			81	Shrikhanda			
25	Jangipara			82	Mangalkote			
26	Kotulpur			83	Majhergram			
27	Kamarpukur			84	Monteswar			
28	Arambag	Paschim Medinipur	Kangsabati Canal Circle	85	Memari			
29	Muchighata			86	Randiha			
30	Amlagora			87	Jamalpur			
31	Panikotar			88	Durgapur			
32	Salboni			89	Rajbandh			
33	Pirorgari			90	Gushkara			
34	Adalia (Garhbeta)			91	Bhedia			
35	Lodhashuli			92	Seharabazar			
36	Jhargram			93	Khandaghosh			
37	Lalgarh			94	Khujutipara			
38	Kharagpur (Hijli)	Bankura	Kangsabati Canal Circle	95	Amgoria	Purulia	Officer On Special Duty	
39	Chandrakona			96	Maliara			
40	Midnapur			97	Budra			
41	Lachmapur			98	Satkahania			
42	Gadghat			Western Circle-II	99			Purulia
43	Sabang				100			Patloi
44	Balichak				101			Beko
45	Barisha				102			Bandhu
46	Gopiballavpur				103			Kumari
47	Makrampur				104			Tatko
48	Keshiary				105			Barabhum
49	Digha				106			Baghmundi
50	Contai				107			Jhalda
51	Egra				108			Balarampur
52	Amgachia	109	Jaipur					
53	Itamogra	110	Arsa					
54	Tamluk	111	Kashipur					
55	Panskura	112	Santuri					
56	Bankura	113	Para					
57	Onda	114	Raghunathpur					

ANNEXURE -IV (SOUTH BENGAL)
EXISTING AND PROPOSED LOCATIONS OF RIVER GAUGE STATIONS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF
HYDROLOGICAL PROJECT-III UNDER IRRIGATION & WATERWAYS DEPARTMENT, WEST BENGAL

BASIN: GANGA-PADMA

Sl. No.	SUB BASIN	River	Tributaries		STATION		LOCATION			
			Major	Minor	River Gauge	Gauge-Discharge	Block	District		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
BASIN: GANGA-PADMA										
1	Ganga-Padma	Padma			Nimtitia		Suti-II	Murshidabad		
2						Akhriganj			Bhagwangola-II	
BASIN: GANGA										
3	Bhagirathi-Hooghly	Bhagirathi			Jangipur		Raghunathganj-II	Murshidabad		
4							Berhampore		Berhampore	
5							Katwa		Katwa-II	
6			Hooghly			Kalna		Kalna-I	Burdwan	
7							Chinsura	Mogra	Hooghly	
8							Nazirganj	Howrah	Howrah	
9							Noorpur	Diamond Harbour-III	South 24 Parganas	
10		Pagla-Bansloi		Bansloi			Bahutuli		Suti-I	Murshidabad
11								Railway Bridge	Murarai-I	Birbhum
12	Pagla					Paikar	Murarai-II			
13	Brahamani-Dwarka	Brahamani			ADB Road Crossing		Nalhati-I	Murshidabad		
14						Sankoghat	Nabagram			
15		Dwarka					Ranagram		Kandi	
16	Mayurakshi-Babla		Siddheswari				Tantloi	Ramgarh	Dumka	
17		Mayurakshi					Narayanpur	Burwan	Murshidabad	
18			Kuia				Tarapur	Bharatpur-I		
19		Babla						Maugram	Ketugram-II	Burdwan
20	Ajay	Ajay					Amuliaghat	Barabani	Burdwan	
21						Budra				Ausgram-II
22							Katwa	Katwa-II		
23			Harkia					Enayetpur		Ketugram-II
24				Kunur				Nutanhat		Mangalkot
25	Khari	Khari	Banka				Nandai	Kalna-I	Burdwan	
26	Behula	Behula	Gangur				Guptipara	Balagarh	Hooghly	
27	Kunti	Kunti	Ghea				Ramnagar	Mogra		
28	Damodar-Mundeswari	Damodar					Dishergarh	Kulti		
29							Idilpur		Burdwan-I	
30							Jamalpur		Jamalpur	
31				Shali				Belut	Galsi-II	
32			Mundeswari					Harinkhola	Arambag	Hooghly
33			Amta Channel					Champadanga	Tarakeswar	
34	Dwarakeswar	Dwarakeswar					Rangamatya	Bankura-I	Bankura	
35								Joykrishnapur		Bishnupur
36										Arambag
37						Sekhpur			Arambag	Hooghly
38								Shrirampur	Khanakul-II	
39				Gandheswari	Jore			Bankura	Bankura-I	Bankura
40				Sankari	Amodar, Tarajuli			Barkatipur	Ghatal	Paschim Medinipur

Sl. No.	SUB BASIN	River	Tributaries		STATION		LOCATION			
			Major	Minor	River Gauge	Gauge-Discharge	Block	District		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
BASIN: GANGA										
41	Shilabati	Shilabati				Simlapal	Simlapal	Bankura		
42						Garhbeta	Garhbeta			
43							Banka	Chanrdrakona-I	Paschim Medinipur	
44							Gadghat	Ghatal		
45				Jayponda				Kusmi	Taldangra	Bankura
46				Kubai	Betal			Keshpur	Keshpur	Paschim Medinipur
47				Parang				Rasidpur		
48				Ketia				Khirpai	Ghatal	
49	Kangsabati-Rupnarayan	Kangsabati				Simulia	Purulia-I	Purulia		
50							Maheshpur		Puncha	
51							Lalgarh	Binpur-I		
52							Mohanpur	Medinipur		
53							Kapastikri	Debra		
54			Kumari				Dabra	Manbazar-II	Purulia	
55			Tatko				Phulberia			
56			Old Cossye				Kalmijole	Daspur-I	Paschim Medinipur	
57			Kanki				Ramdebpur			
58			Polashpai				Goura			
59			Durbachati				Sribora	Daspur-I		
60						Khaniadihi		Panskura-II	Purba Medinipur	
61			New Cossye				Panskura			
62							Dobandy	Moyna		
63			Kherai-Baksi				Basantachak			
64			Rupnarayan				Bandar	Ghatal	Paschim Medinipur	
65								Kajjuri		Daspur-II
66					Gopiganj					
67							Denan	Kolaghat	Purba Medinipur	
68							Tamluk	Tamluk		
69						Geonkhali	Mahisadal			
70	Kaliaghi-Haldi	Kaliaghai				Bakhrabad	Narayangarh	Paschim Medinipur		
71									Dehaty	
72							Amgachia	Potashpur-I	Purba Medinipur	
73							Langalkata			
74							Kalimandap	Bhagwanpur-I		
75							Uttarbar			
76						Dheubhanga	Nandakumar			
77			Kapaleswari				Narayanbar	Sabang	Paschim Medinipur	
78			Deuli				Koptipur	Narayangarh		
79						Barisha		Pingla	Purba Medinipur	
80			Chandia				Asnanghat	Moyna		
81			Baghai				Bolakipur	Potashpur-I		
82		Haldi				Itamogra	Mahisadal			
83	Rasulpur-Pichabani	Rasulpur				Kalinagar	Contai-III			
84		Pichabani				Pichabani	Ramnagar-II			
85		Champa					Ramnagar	Ramnagar-I		

Sl. No.	SUB BASIN	River	Tributaries		STATION		LOCATION		
			Major	Minor	River Gauge	Gauge-Discharge	Block	District	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
BASIN: GANGA									
86	Jalangi	Jalangi				Swarupganj	Nabadwip	Nadia	
87	Churni	Churni			Hanskhali		Hanskhali		
88	Ichamati	Ichamati			Majdia		Krishnaganj	North 24-Parganas	
89						Tentulia	Basirhat-I		
90			Jamuna			Gaighata	Gaighata		
91						Gobardanga	Habra		
92	Bidyadhari	Bidyadhari				Malancha	Bhangar-I		South 24-Parganas
93	Matla	Matla				Canning	Canning-I		
BASIN: SUBARNAREKHA									
94	Subarnarekha	Subarnarekha				Gopiballavpur	Gopiballavpur	Paschim Medinipur	
95						Sonakonia	Dantan-I		
96			Dulung				Rohini		Keshiary

ANNEXURE -IV (NORTH BENGAL)
EXISTING AND PROPOSED LOCATIONS OF RIVER GAUGE STATIONS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF
HYDROLOGICAL PROJECT-III UNDER IRRIGATION & WATERWAYS DEPARTMENT, WEST BENGAL

Sl. No.	SUB BASIN	River	Tributaries		STATION		LOCATION		
			Major	Minor	River Gauge	Gauge-Discharge	Block	District	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
BASIN: BRAHMAPUTRA									
1	Sankosh	Sankosh				NH 31 Crossing	Kumargram	Alipurduar	
2			Raidak-II						Alipurduar-II
3	Torsa		Raidak-I			Kohinur Tea Garden	Kalchini		
4			Raidak-I	Dharsi					
5			Gadadhar			NH 31 Crossing	Alipurduar-II		
6				Bala					Kalchini
7			Kaljani		Alipurduar		Alipurduar-II		
8				Dima		Rajabhat Khawa	Kalchini		
9			Torsa			Hasimara			
10				Holong		Khairbari	Madarihat		
11	Jaldhaka		Mujnai		Birpara				
12			Dudua		DimDima				
13			Jaldhaka			Nagrakata	Nagrakata		
14				Diana		Chengmari			
15				Murti		Chalsa			
16		Mansai			Mathabhanga	Mathabhanga	CoochBehar		
17	Teesta	Teesta				TeestaBazar	Rangli	Darjeeling	
18			Dharala			Dharala Bridge	Mal	Jalpaiguri	
BASIN: GANGA-PADMA									
19	Mahananda	Mahananda			Hill Cart Road		Siliguri	Darjeeling	
20							BidhanNagar		Phansidewa
21				Dahuk			Chopra	Chopra	Uttar Dinajpur
22				Sudhani			Domohona	Karandighi	
23				Nagore			Makdampur	Raiganj	
24					Kulik	Raiganj	Bindole		
25			Mahananda				Pajol	Itahar	
26				Sui		Katchua			
27					Gamari	Itahar			
28				Kalindri			Jot Gopal	Englishbazar	
29			Mahananda				Englishbazar		
30							Radhikapur	Kaliaganj	Uttar Dinajpur
31				Tangon			Banshihri	Banshihri	Dakshin Dinajpur
32		Fulhar	Fulhar			Teljana	Bhaluka	Harish Chandrapur-II	Malda
33		Ganga	Ganga				Manikchak	Manikchak	Malda
34	Atreyee	Atreyee				Patiram	Kumarganj	Dakshin Dinajpur	
35		Atreyee			Balurghat		Balurghat		
36	Punabhaha					Gangarampur	Gangarampur		
37	Jamuna					Hili	Hili		

ANNEXURE -V
PROPOSED LOCATIONS OF DATA CENTRES FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF HYDROLOGICAL PROJECT-III
UNDER IRRIGATION & WATERWAYS DEPARTMENT, WEST BENGAL

Sl. No.	Name of the zonal centres	District	Circles	Relevant Rivers	Remark
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Siliguri	Darjeeling	Northe East Irrigation Circle II	Teesta, Torsa etc.	
2	Malda	Malda	Northe Irrigation Circle I	Ganga, Mahananda, Fulhar etc.	
3	Suri	Birbhum	Mayurakshi Canal Circle	Mayurakshi, Drarka, Brahmani etc.	
4	Berhampur	Murshidabad	Northe Irrigation Circle II	Ganga, Bhagirathi etc.	
5	Bankura	Bankura	Kangsabati Circle	Kangsabati, Silabti etc.	
6	Midnapur	Paschim Midnapur	Western Circle II	Subarnarekha, Keliaghai, Kapaleswari etc.	
7	Durgapur	Burdwan	Damodar Irrigation Circle	U/S of Damodar Valley	
8	Burdwan	Burdwan	Investigatio & Planning Circle II	Damodar, Ajoy etc.	
9	Haringhata	Nadia	River Research Institute (RRI)	Bhagirathi, Jalngi etc.	Laboratory & technical centre
10	Salt Lake	Kolkata	Advance Planning Project Evaluation & Monitoring Cell & Central Design Office (CDO)	Ichhamati, Bidyadhari etc.	Administrative centres: CDO, IPC-I, IPC-II, Adv. Pln., PRCcell

ANNEXURE-VI



Government of West Bengal
Irrigation & Waterways Department
Jalasampad Bhavan, 3rd Floor, Western Block
Bidhannagar, Salt Lake City, Kolkata 700 091

Memo No. 304-IFC
IW/O/IFC-4M-52/2014

Dated, 04/12/14

MEMORANDUM

The Ministry of Water Resources, Government of India, is co-ordinating the implementation of Hydrology Projects with World Bank assistance. In continuation to already implemented Hydrology Project-I & Hydrology Project-II, now the Ministry of Water Resources has conceptualised the implementation of Hydrology Project-III, with special emphasis on implementing it in the states under Ganga and Brahmaputra basins, here to not cover under previous phases of Hydrology Projects. The Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Government of India, has supported the proposal for Hydrology Project-III, titled "Hydrology Project Phase-III, approach towards Integrated Water Resources Management". In response to the endeavour of MoWR, Irrigation & Waterways Department of Govt. of West Bengal has taken part in the workshops organised by MoWR, both in Delhi in September-14 and at Kolkata in November-14, wherein the objectives of the project, H.P-III, were explained at length to the participants with request to submit a preliminary Project Report by each state, both in the fields of surface and ground water.

Now taking up a holistic approach towards establishing a real time flood forecasting system in the flood prone areas of the state and an effective and sound hydro-meteorological data base, has been felt necessary.

Accordingly, it has been decided by the Government in this department to set up a team of expert with the following composition and assigned tasks against each of them.

Name	Assigned task
a. Sri S Dutta Chief Engineer (Design & Research & Central) Irrigation & Waterways Directorate (GoWB)	Chairman
b. Sri Tridib Ranjan Barua Superintending Engineer & P.A. to Chief Engineer (West), Irrigation & Waterways Directorate (GoWB)	Member For all over monitoring and coordination of various parallel activities
c. Sri R.K. Sharma Executive Engineer, DVC Study Cell. Irrigation & Waterways Directorate (GoWB)	Member For identification of new hydro- meteorological observation stations and selection of modern equipments to be installed at existing and new stations as well as at head quarter.
d. Sri Diganta Maity Deputy Director, Advance Planning Cell Irrigation & Waterways Directorate (GoWB)	Member For identification of new hydro- meteorological observation stations and selection of modern equipments to be installed at existing and new stations as well as at head quarter.

Name	Assigned task
e. Sri Bibhas Barman Deputy Director, River Research Institute Irrigation & Waterways Department (GoWB)	For conducting Geo-technical investigations like soil and silt analysis and executing the base work to establish a hydro-dynamic model of the river system in the flood prone area.
f. Sri Avijit Saha Deputy Director, Hydrology Central Design Office, Irrigation & Waterways Directorate (GoWB)	For conducting related study of hydrology and executing the base work to establish a hydro-dynamic model of the river system in the flood prone area.
g. Sri Dipankar Roy Chowdhury Executive Engineer, Subarnareka Canal Circle Irrigation & Waterways Directorate (GoWB)	For conducting related study of hydrology and executing the base work to establish a hydro-dynamic model of the river system in the flood prone area.

The committee may undertake site visits in Maharashtra, who have already established their real time flood forecasting system in HP-II. The journey outside the state may be done following existing norms. The Chairman may co-opt any other officer(s) of this department as invitee member. Assignment of any further task to the committee members would be decided by the chairman.

Terms of Reference (ToR) of the Team of Expert (TOE) would be as under:-

- To identify the existing rain gauge and river gauge/discharge stations which needs automation.
- To identify new rain gauge, river gauge/discharge stations to be established besides the existing stations.
- To collect historical hydro-meteorological data, that would be required for establish a hydro-dynamic model.
- To identify the flood prone areas across the state, for which model study needs to be conducted to forecast likely inundation at different conditions of rivers.
- To identify the automation of barrage and dam operations.
- To prepare a preliminary project report under HP-III, for submission to World Bank by 15.12.14, based on the study mentioned at (a) to (e). Such report should contain, the kind of modern tools to be procured and installed, year wise phasing of execution, objectives of the project, and cost of estimate.

Sd/-
(B. Mukherjee)
Deputy Secretary to the
Government of West Bengal

Memo No. 304/1(1)-IFC
IW/O/IFC-4M-52/2014

Dated, 04/12/14

Copy submitted to :

The P.S. to the Hon'ble Minister-In-Charge
Irrigation & Waterways Department
Government of West Bengal
1st floor, Jalasampad Bhavan, Salt lake, Kol-91. for kind information

Sd/-
(B. Mukherjee)
Deputy Secretary to the
Government of West Bengal